

Period 1: Technological and Environmental Transformations c. 10,000BCE-600 BCE

1. 2million years ago -12,000BCE - Paleolithic Age
2. 140,000-40,000 BCE - Humans (Homo Sapiens Sapiens) emerge in Africa(peopling of the Earth)
3. 30,000BCE - Passage of People from Siberia down to Mesoamerica
4. 14,000BCE – End of Great Ice Age

Paleolithic

5. 10,000-8,000BCE – Neolithic Revolution, development of agriculture in Middle East
6. 9,000BCE – Domestication of sheep, pigs, goats, cattle beginning in Mesopotamia
7. 8,000BCE – Silk weaving in China
8. 5,000BCE – Domestication of Maize in Mesoamerica
9. 4,000-3,000BCE – Introduction of writing, bronze, wheel, plow in Middle East

Neolithic

10. 3500-1800BCE – Sumer Civilization , cuneiform in Mesopotamia
11. 3100BCE – Rise of Egyptian Civilization
12. 2500BCE – Emergence of Indus River Civilization
13. 1800-1750BCE – Hammurabi’s Reign as King of Babylon
14. 1600-1000BCE – Aryan invasions of Indus
15. 1500BCE Emergence of Shang China
16. 1200BCE – Jews settle in Mediterranean region (part of Mesopotamia)

River Valley

17. 1500-1000BCE – Vedic Age in India
18. 1029-258BCE – Zhou Dynasty
19. 1000-600BCE – Epic Age in India
20. 900-200BCE Chavin in Peru
21. 800BCE – Rise of Greek city-states
22. 800-400BCE – Spread of Olmec Civilization, cultivation of the potato in the Andes

Period 2: Organization and Reorganization of Human Societies c. 600BCE-600CE

1. 563-483BCE – Life of Siddhartha Guatama
2. 550-470BCE – Confucius/Laozi during Zhou Dynasty
3. 508-27BCE – Roman Republic
4. 470-430BCE – Athens at height, Pericles, Socrates
5. 338-328BCE – Alexander the Great rules over the Macedonia Empire
6. 330-100BCE – Hellenistic Age
7. 322-184BCE – Mauryan Dynasty in India
8. 221-202BCE – Qin Dynasty – 1st Empire of China under Shihuangdhi
9. 202BCE – 220CE - Han Dynasty
10. 140-87BCE – Rule of Wudi
11. 27BCE – Roman Empire and Pax Romana begins
12. 30CE – Crucifixion of Jesus
13. 180 CE – Death of Marcus Aurelius and end of Pax Romana
14. 100CE – Decline of the Han; spread of Buddhism into China
15. 100-800CE Moche in Peru
16. 220-589CE - Nomadic Invasions of Huns; Xiongnu Huns overtake Han China
17. 370-480CE – Germanic Invasion into Europe as a result of Hun migrations
18. 313- Edict of Milan
19. 320-550CE – Gupta Empire
20. 440s-Atilla and the Huns menace the Roman Empire
21. 476CE – Fall of Rome
22. 535 – White Huns invade Gupta
23. 527-565CE – Rule of Justinian
24. 589-618CE – Sui Dynasty; end of Era of Divisions/6 dynasties

Classical

Period 3: Regional and Transregional Interactions (Post Classical Era) – c. 600-1450

1. 600-700 -The first settlers of Hawaii and Rapa Nui (Easter Island) are believed to have arrived
2. 610-618 – origins of Islam
3. 618-907 – Tang Dynasty
4. 646- Taika Reforms in Japan
5. 661-750 – Umayyad Dynasty; spread of Islam largely through conquest
6. 710-794- Nara Period in Japan

Period 3 con't

7. 750-1258 – Abbasid Caliphate
8. 794-1185 Heian period of Japan
9. 800-814 – Charlemagne's Empire
10. 850 – Kievan Russ begins
11. 900s – Agricultural Revolution in Western Europe
12. 960-1279 – Song Dynasty
13. 968-1150 – Toltecs
14. 1000-1300 A second wave of Polynesian migrations took place with voyagers traveling back and forth between Hawai'i and the Society Islands.
15. 1000 – Ghana at it's height
16. 1054 – Great Schism
17. 1055 – Seljuk Turks invade Abbasid
18. 1066 – William the Conqueror takes England
19. 1095 – Seljuk Turks take Palestine
20. 1099-1291 – Crusades
21. 1100 – Gunpowder invented in China
22. 1185-1603 – decentralized Japan
23. 1200- Rise of Mali
24. 1200s-1450s – Mongol Empire
25. 1215-Magna Carta
26. 1258 – Mongols capture Baghdad
27. 1265 – England creates Parliament
28. 1270 – Kublai Khan rule Yuan China
29. 1280s- Ottoman Empire begins
30. 1300s Western Europe 's Commercial Revolution
31. 1325 – rise of Aztecs
32. 1338-1453 – Hundred Years' War
33. 1340s-1350s – Height of Bubonic Plague
34. 1350-1600 - Renaissance
35. 1350 – Rise of Incas
36. 1368-1644 – Ming Dynasty
37. 1405-1433 – voyages of Zheng He
38. 1433 – Beginning of Iberian Wave of exploration

Period 4: Global Interactions (The World Shrinks) – c. 1450-1750 (*APWH I Should Know!)

1. 1453- Ottoman's besiege Constantinople; Byzantine collapses *
2. 1455- Gutenberg creates Printing Press *
3. 1470s – Moscow free of Mongol Control; rule of Ivan the Great *
4. 1481- creation of El Mina
5. 1487 – Portugal rounds Cape of Good Hope *
6. 1492 – Columbus discovers the Americas; Reconquista *
7. 1494 – Treaty of Tordesillas *
8. 1498 – deGama reaches India *
9. 1500 – Cabral, sailing for Portugal comes across Brazil *
10. 1500s – height of Commercial Revolution in China
11. 1510 – Portugal conquers Goa and Malacca *
12. 1517-1541 – Protestant Reformation *
13. 1519 – 1521 – Cortes takes down Aztec Empire *
14. 1520-1566 – Rule of Suleiman
15. 1521 – Fall of Songhai
16. 1526 – Beginning of Mughal Empire *
17. 1533-1535 – Pizarro takes down Incas *
18. 1540s – Xavier converts coastal masses of India to Christianity
19. 1542 – Portugal reaches Japan with missionaries, merchants and gunpowder
20. 1562 – British enters slave trade
21. 1550-1605 – Akbar rules India
22. 1580s – Jesuits come to China
23. 1600s – Dutch, British and French begin trade along India coast displacing Portugal *
24. 1600s – Scientific Revolution *

Period 4 con't

25. 1603-1868 – Tokugawa Shogunate

26. 1607/08 – British and French set up colonies in North America *
27. 1613- 1917 – Romanov's rule Russia *
28. 1614 – Christianity banned in Japan
29. 1620s – establishment of Batavia and beginning of Dutch Trading Empire*
30. 1643-1755 – Rule of Louis the XIV and building of Versailles *
31. 1644-1911 – Qing Dynasty
32. 1650s - English, French and Dutch establish colonies in the Caribbean causing competition with sugar trade in Brazil *
33. 1652 – Dutch set-up Cape Colony *
34. 1658-1707 – rule of Aurengzeb
35. 1682 – second failure of Ottoman's attempt to siege Vienna
36. 1688/89 – Glorious Revolution *
37. late 1600s – 1700s - Enlightenment *
38. 1600s – Agricultural Revolution in England and Netherlands
39. 1756-1763 -Seven Years' War *

Period 5: Industrialization and Global Integration (Industrialization and Western Hegemony) c. 1750-1900

1. 1730-1850 – Population boom in England
2. 1756-1763 – 7 Years' war
3. 1764-1857 - BEIC takes indirect control of India (Mughal Decline)
4. 1770 – James Watt's Steam Engine
5. 1775-1783 – American Revolution
6. 1789-1799 – French Revolution
7. 1798- 1820's Latin American Wars of Independence; slavery ends in Haiti
8. 1804 – 1815 – Napoleonic Empire
9. 1805-1848 – Muhammad Ali rules Egypt free from Ottoman rule and modernizes Egypt along western lines
10. 1807 – End of British slave trade
11. 1815 – Congress of Vienna
12. 1815 – Cape Colony taken by British
13. 1820s – Industrialization begins in the US
14. 1823 – Monroe Doctrine
15. 1825 – Decembrist Revolt
16. 1832 – Reform Bill of 1832
17. 1834 – End of slavery in British colonies; Great Trek
18. 1839-1842 – Opium Wars; Treaty of Nanjing
19. 1850-1864 – Taiping Rebellion
20. 1853 – Matthew Perry sails into Tokyo Bay; Crimean War begins to 1856
21. 1854 – Treaty of Kanagawa
22. 1857 - Sepoy Rebellion/Mutiny; direct control of India by Britain
23. 1861 – Emancipation of serfs
24. 1861-1865 – American Civil War; 1863 – emancipation of slaves
25. Unification movements in Italy and Germany 1850s-1870s
26. 1868-1912 – Meiji Restoration/Period
27. 1869 – opening of Suez canal, Egypt loses autonomy
28. 1870-1914 – height of New Imperialism
29. 1812 – British take over Egypt
30. 1882 – formation of the Triple Alliance
31. 1884 – Berlin Conference
32. 1885 – Formation of Indian National Congress
33. 1888 – slavery abolished in Brazil; last in Western Hemisphere
34. 1889 – Meiji Constitution
35. 1894-1895- 1st Sino-Japanese War
36. 1890s – beginning of Armenian Massacre lasting through WWI
37. 1898 – 99 – Spanish-American War; Boer War; Boxer Rebellion
38. 1904-1905 – Russo-Japanese War
39. 1905 Bloody Sunday
40. 1906 – Muslim League formed in India; Russian Duma created
41. 1907 –Formation of the Triple Entente
42. 1908 – Young Turks control Ottoman Empire
43. 1910-1930 – Mexican Revolution

Period 5 con't

44. 1914 Panama Canal Opens; WWI starts and lasts to 1918

Period 6: Accelerating Global Change and Realignment c. 1900-Present

1. 1917 -Russian Revolution; Balfour Declaration
2. 1919 – Treaty of Versailles signed; League of Nations; Amristar Massacre, May 4th movement, beginning of Weimar Republic, Mandates Established
3. 1921- Lenin’s New Economic Policy
4. 1927-1953 – Stalin rules Russia; collectivization and 5 year plans
5. 1925 – Mussolini becomes Fascist dictator of Italy
6. 1929-1933 – Height of Great Depression
7. 1931 – Manchurian Incident; 2nd Sino-Japanese War begins
8. 1933 – Hitler comes to power democratically then goes Fascist
9. 1935-53 - Great Purge
10. 1937 – Rape of Nanjing
11. 1939-1945 – WWII
12. 1941 – US enters War
13. 1942-1945 – Holocaust
14. 1945 – end of WWII, beginning of Cold War. Formation of United Nations, Atomic Bombs; New Imperialism begins to end
15. 1947 – Gandhi gets Independence for India
16. 1948 – Partition of India /Pakistan; creation of Israel; Apartheid established in Africa
17. 1949 – China goes Communist; formation of NATO
18. 1950-53 – Korean War; division of Korea into North and South
19. 1955 – Warsaw pact created
20. 1956-Suez Canal Crisis
21. 1957 Ghana gains independence
22. 1958-1961 – Great Leap Forward
23. 1959 –Cuban Revolution
24. 1961 – Berlin wall constructed
25. 1962 – Cuban Missile Crisis
26. 1965-75 – US involvement in Vietnam after Vietnam gains independence from France
27. 1966 – Cultural Revolution in China
28. 1970s OPEC dominance
29. 1975-1979 – Pol Pot rules Cambodia committing a genocide
30. 1976 – Death of Mao
31. 1979 – Iranian Revolution; Invasion of Afghanistan
32. 1980s- Deng Xiaoping’s Four Modernization
33. 1980-88 - Iran-Iraq War
34. 1985-1991-Soviet Union under Gorbachev; glasnost and perestroika
35. 1989 – Tiananmen Square; Berlin Wall collapses; Communist falls in Eastern Europe
36. 1991 – Collapse of Soviet Union; Gulf War
37. 1994 – End of Apartheid; Genocide in Rwanda
38. 1995-present – US-NATO interaction in the Balkans as a result of Yugoslavia’s collapse and ethnic cleansing
39. 1997 – Hong Kong given back to China
40. 2000 – Panama Canal given back
41. 2001-present – growing concern of terrorism; US led invasion of Afghanistan
42. 2003-Invasion of Iraq
43. 2011 – death of Kim Jung Il; combat troops leave Iraq

It is not about memorizing these dates. It is about chronology and conceptualizing co-existing civilizations and how interaction (if it occurred) may affect them.

You can utilize this for your studying in the following ways:

Can you do causes, description and effects for these events? Helps with CCOT

Do you know what regions of the world these events took place in?

Create a key with different highlighters and make each color stand for the following regions:

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. North America | b. Latin America | c. Western Europe |
| d. Eastern Europe | e. Middle East | f. Central Asia |
| g. South Asia | h. Southeast Asia | i. East Asia |

Highlight the events accordingly or use the letters.